

CHILE CONTINUES TO OPPOSE ALL ACTION ON ARBITRATION.

Objects to Sending Agreement to the Secretary General.

SENOR MARTINEZ EXPLAINS

Tells Why He Withdrew from Session and Denies Alleged Statement.

SUBMITS ANOTHER PROJECT.

Believed that the Republic Wants to Get Credit for Initiating Hague Movement in the Conference—Declined to Appeal from Ruling of Chair—Mr. Buchanan Outlines Intentions of Signers.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 15.—Before the minutes of the conference were approved this morning, Senor Walker Martinez, of Chile, rose to a question of personal privilege, and made a long explanation of his withdrawal from the last session, coupling therewith a passionate denial of the report in today's local paper purporting to give his language on that occasion.

Called Report Calumnious.

He declared the report was all calumnies and entirely unfounded. He said it attributed to him expressions and an attitude impossible for him to have made or taken. He was extremely grateful to Mexico, and had the highest regard for her people. It was the farthest from his intention to attribute even an intimation of blame to them.

His withdrawal was only an additional tribute to his respect, because it was impossible to remain after the time of the session had expired. The delegates who heard Walker's explanation with a smile. Apparently, however, it ends the incident.

Chile Had Floor.

Chile's withdrawal from the original Hague agreement relieved her from the stipulation then made not to discuss the matter when submitted. She, therefore, had the floor alone this morning in demanding that the agreement, as submitted, be referred to a committee, instead of the secretary general.

Senor Walker called the attention of Senor Galavis, saying that Venezuela's delegation was suppressed on December 21. President Raimon replied that the agreement was signed the day after Christmas and only today had he received official notice of Venezuela's recall. Therefore the conference.

Authority for Ruling.

Raimon's ruling about the reference of the agreement of the secretary general for transmission to the Foreign Office under section 7 of Rule 1. The Chileans invoked Rule 7, which provides that all matters submitted to the Conference shall be referred to the proper committee.

Senor Raimon replied that the project just read required no action by the Conference and had been read merely for information, therefore his ruling was proper. However, he was ready to submit the question to the Conference.

Declined to Appeal.

The Chileans, however, declined to appeal from his decision, although continuing the argument and imploring the Chair to reverse himself. They made no explanation why they objected to the project as submitted, although offering themselves one that they admitted to be practically identical.

It appears, however, that they hope thereby to gain credit for initiating the Hague movement in case they succeed in getting their proposition to a vote.

The afternoon session convened nearly on time. The discussion of the Chair's morning ruling was resumed. Senor Pineda defended the proceeding. Then Mr. Buchanan said that when the project was drawn it was hoped and believed that it would have the support of every delegation. There had been no intention on the part of any signer that it should be other than what it is—the free action of fifteen delegations among and between themselves.

A Mutual Agreement.

It might appear singular that fifteen delegations responsible only to their own Governments should see fit to sign a document of any character and present that document to the Conference with the simple request that it be transmitted to any department of the Mexican Government, and that that should be objected to by delegations not parties to or affected by it.

In Making this request the signers' project was entirely within their rights.

Opposed the Chair.

Senor Carbo opposed the Chair, and said the matter ought to go to the committee. Besides, some delegations signing the project exceeded their authority, as he knew, being a member of the committee on credentials.

The General Project.

The opening articles of the general arbitration project were submitted to the Pan-American Congress this morning. The first says:

"The American Republics represented in the International Conference in the City of Mexico who have not subscribed to the three conventions signed at The Hague recognize the principles therein expressed as a part of the international public law of America."

The Second Article.

The second article says that, realizing the high importance of The Hague Court of Arbitration, "and also that those American nations not signatory to the convention which created that beneficent institution may have recourse to it in the exercise of recognized and accepted right, and taking into consideration the further offer of the Governments of the United States and Mexico, the conference entrusted those Governments with the duty of negotiating with the other Powers signatory for a peaceful settlement of international conflicts and a third cousin of President Roosevelt, and is a first lieutenant in the Marine Corps.

Providing for Ratification.

The third article provides that, the agreement being ratified by the respective Governments, shall be communicated through diplomatic channels to the other

Governments. These three articles were signed on December 26.

Article 4, signed today, says:

"In order to attain, in the most satisfactory and most rapid manner, the most ample and least restricted application of the principles of just arbitration * * * the President of Mexico is most respectfully requested to secure the propositions of the different Governments represented in this conference regarding the most advanced form in which a general arbitration convention may be drawn which could receive approbation and final ratification by the nations represented in the conference * * * and, if possible, draw a partial protocol with a view to putting such project in practice, or, if this should not be practicable, that he present correspondence to the next conference with his report."

LESSLER TAKES HIS SEAT.

Young Republican Who Defeated Perry Belmont Sworn In.

Mr. Montague Lessler, the newly elected Representative from New York, who defeated Perry Belmont in the contest for Congress, was sworn in as a member of the House yesterday. Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. Lessler announced that Mr. Lessler was upon the floor of the House and ready to take the oath of office.

He explained that his certificate of election had not been received from the Secretary of State, but that there was no contest. He asked unanimous consent that Mr. Lessler be sworn in. Mr. Sulzer (Dem., N. Y.) said there was no objection.

Mr. Lessler was escorted to the bar of the House by Messrs. Littauer and Cummings, and the oath was administered to him. He was greeted with an outburst of applause as he walked to the rear of the chamber and took the last vacant seat on the Republican side.

He was warmly congratulated and introduced to the members who gathered about him. His desk was covered with a profusion of flowers, which he afterward sent to the Emergency Hospital. A delegation of Mr. Lessler's prominent constituents came over from New York to witness his induction into office. They occupied seats in the galleries.

Mr. Lessler is a young man rather under medium stature, with smooth hair, and looks even younger than he is. His defeat of Perry Belmont has made him a conspicuous member of the House.

REISS DENOUNCES DADY.

Also Makes Attack on New York's Lieutenant Governor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Bert Reiss, a lawyer and a member of the Republican County Committee in Brooklyn, who was defeated for Congress a year ago, made a violent attack on Lieutenant Governor Woodruff, Michael J. Dady, and other managers of the organization, in a speech delivered before the John Kissel Republican Battery, of Williamsburg.

Speaking of Dady's relations with Sheriff Guden, who was elected at the last election on the fusion ticket, Mr. Reiss said: "This sheriff took six individuals besides myself that immediately after his nomination Michael J. Dady sent for him, and, in his office, the said Michael J. Dady made him sign an agreement written in Dady's own handwriting, whereby he (Guden) would give said Dady all he could get of the fusion ticket, and allow said Dady to name all his subordinates, as elected."

FALSE LEGS FOR CORONATION.

Many Orders for Artificial Limbs Being Placed.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The necessity of wearing knee breeches at the coronation ceremonies has called the attention of many of those who will participate to the fact that their nether limbs are not as full as could be desired, and steps have been taken to remedy this fault. It is learned that extensive orders for artificial calves for human legs have been placed in France in view of the ceremonies.

TO FIGHT RECIPROCITY.

Louisiana Sugar Planters to Oppose Concessions to Cuba.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 15.—The Louisiana sugar planters have decided to send a delegation of ten to Washington to remain there during the discussion of the Cuban reciprocity treaty and other questions before Congress affecting the sugar interests. They will appear before the Ways and Means Committee on January 23 to argue against any change in the sugar tariff.

Popularity of the Present Government Increased.

TORONTO, Jan. 15.—Much interest was taken today in ten bye elections for the Dominion Parliament, held in three of the seven provinces of the country. The Liberal Government, under the administration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, made decided gains, which shows that the popularity of the present Government has in no way diminished since the last general elections.

LIEUTENANT ROOSEVELT WEDS.

Third Cousin of President Married at San Rafael, Cal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Lieut. Henry Latrobe Roosevelt, of the United States Marine Corps, and Miss Eleanor Morrow were married today at San Rafael, Cal. Lieutenant Roosevelt is a third cousin of President Roosevelt, and is a first lieutenant in the Marine Corps.

He enlisted as a second lieutenant in 1899, and was promoted a year later. He is twenty-two years old. His wife is the daughter of the Hon. W. V. Morrow, United States Circuit Judge of California.

SCANDAL IN FAILURE.

The Whitaker Wright Affair May Duplicate the Hooley Sensation.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The scandal caused by the failure of the various enterprises engineered by Whitaker Wright is beginning to equal that caused by the failure of Ernest T. Hooley, the famous speculator and promoter who went to the wall in the early part of 1899.

At today's session of the proceedings against Wright as manager of the defunct London and Globe Company, Wright testified that he gave McKee, of the "Financial Times" £5,000; Ross, of the "Daily Mail," £1,000, and other journalists large amounts to insure publicity.

FOR THE ST. LOUIS FAIR.

D. R. Francis and Adolphus Busch to Confer With Government.

Ex-Gov. David R. Francis, of Missouri, president of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, in St. Louis, in 1903, arrived in Washington last night. He will confer with a number of heads of Government departments respecting the exhibits they will make at the Exposition, of the Adolphus Busch, chairman of the exposition management committee, Governor Francis, as the latter is still generally known, despite the fact that it is long since he occupied that position.

They will confer with the State Department and the President for the purpose of securing facilities abroad for the agents of the exposition who will be sent to foreign lands to awaken interest in the exposition and to induce the various Governments to send exhibits.

TO INCREASE STOCK.

The directors, in announcing this plan, state that at the next regular meeting of stockholders in April they will ask for authority to increase the capital stock of the road from \$115,000,000 to \$150,000,000. The new stock is to be sold to the old stockholders at 125, which makes the actual amount which will be raised by this increase of capitalization \$37,500,000 instead of \$25,000,000, as the mere announcement of the increase would indicate.

It is left to be inferred that out of the money thus raised the improvements decided upon will be paid for, but no specific announcement to this effect was made.

Directors Give No Reason.

Of course, the improvements planned will not cost anything like so much money as the whole rapid transit subway is costing considerably less than that. No announcement of the additional reasons for raising this great amount of money, beyond leaving a formal statement, was made, and the directors would not discuss the matter at all.

There is no reason to doubt that the New York Central stockholders will give the directors the necessary authority to issue \$35,000,000 of new stock.

TO ISSUE ONLY ONE HALF.

The present management of the company actually controls and will be able to vote at least three-fourths of the \$115,000,000 of stock now outstanding. The resolutions adopted by the board provide that only one-half of the \$35,000,000 shall be issued at the present time, the other half remaining in the treasury to be made use of at the discretion of the directors.

By the sale of \$17,500,000 of new stock at 125 per share the New York Central will gain \$11,575,000. Officers of the company said today that part of this sum would be used for acquiring additional land and reconstructing the Forty-second Street terminal.

Other Improvements Planned.

The tunnel improvements will be paid for out of this issue and the directors will have authority to apply a part of the proceeds to any other permanent improvements along the company's lines.

They are paid in process of development in the chief engineer's office for improvements between Albany and Buffalo that will cost several millions of dollars.

Jury Visits Scene.

The jury chosen by Coroner Scholer to hear the testimony in the case of "William Leys and others" killed in the collision went to the scene of the accident today. The coroner chose the twelve men in the forenoon. He picked them from thirty who had been summoned.

TO ARREST COLONEL LYNCH.

Ex-Boer Officer to Be Charged With High Treason.

DUBLIN, Jan. 15.—The "Evening Herald" publishes a despatch from London stating that Col. Arthur Lynch, formerly of the Boer army, who was elected Nationalist member of Parliament for Galway during the last election, presents himself at the opening of Parliament tomorrow he will be arrested for treason. Warrants for his arrest have been in the hands of the police for some time.

Man Asserted to Be Kerns, Valet Who Robbed Master in New York, Arrested in Louisiana.

Manners came here two days ago and took rooms at the St. Charles Hotel. He said he was a traveling drummer for a Chicago jewelry house. He had in a room a man named Loney, from Lexington, Ky. Yesterday two men, one of whom said that he was Loney, told the hotel clerk that he wanted to leave the hotel at once, and asked that his baggage, a valise, be brought down from his room.

This was done and the two men, entering a cab, drove to the Illinois Central depot. They arrived there too late to catch the train and tried the other railroad depot without success. Finally they went to the Imperial, where they registered.

The Police Informed.

In the meanwhile Manners returned to his room, and finding his valise gone notified the hotel proprietor that it contained \$3,000 in jewelry, including some thirty or forty diamond rings. The police were notified and a search begun. The trail was struck and led to the Imperial, where the police reached just ten minutes after the men had left it. They had taken a skiff and rowing up the river had landed at Gretna, where they awaited an early train. The men were arrested just as they were about to take the train. The jewelry was found intact.

In the meanwhile Mr. Manners was no

CENTRAL PLAN FOR TUNNEL.

To Use Electricity on the Suburban Tracks.

NEW TERMINAL WITH LCOP.

Directors Will Ask the Authorization of an Additional Issue of Thirty-Five Million Dollars of Stock—Coroner Employs Jury and Visits Scene of Wreck.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The board of directors of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad today approved and afterward made public the plans for the improvement of the Park Avenue tunnel, which they have been contemplating since the accident, several days ago, in which seventeen lives were lost.

The plans include a change of motive power from steam to electricity in the side tunnels, for the use of suburban trains exclusively, and the building of a new terminal station with a loop under ground, between Forty-third and Forty-fifth Streets and Park and Depew Avenues.

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OFF DAY IN POSTAL TRIAL.

Little of Interest Brought Out in the Havana Court.

HAVANA, Jan. 15.—The trial of the postoffice cases was continued today. Nothing of special interest developed. Ex-Director Rathbone was examined by the fiscal regarding personal items that were charged to postal accounts. Some of the bills were marked "allowed" by Rathbone and warrants for the amounts were issued by Reeves and signed by either Rathbone or Bristow.

Other accounts that were allowed by Mr. Bristow were paid with warrants issued by Reynolds, who acted in Reeves' absence. The defense claims that the fact that Messrs. Reynolds and Bristow intervened in the matter shows that the transactions were open and were considered correct.

Rathbone stated that he charged a coach and other private items to the postal accounts by authority of the postal code. Postmaster General Smith rode in the coach when he was in Havana and Rathbone told him he had bought it with postal funds. Mr. Smith made no objection.

Rathbone admitted that Rich told him something about Neely having said he had saved Rathbone \$4,000 by charging his (Rathbone's) private expenses under the guise of miscellaneous accounts. Witness told Rich this was a lie.

CHINA DREADS TROUBLE.

Peking Court Issues Two More Significant Edicts.

PEKING, Jan. 15.—An edict has been issued dismissing Ho Tai Ying, Wang Lung Wen, Tsai Lien, and Lien Wen Chao, high metropolitan officials, because of their complicity with Prince Tuan and Kang Yi in the Boxer outbreak.

Another edict urgently commands the provincial officials to avoid disputes with missionaries. The tenor of the edict indicates a dread of foreign complications.

OFFICIAL AX FALLS IN CENSUS OFFICE.

TWO HUNDRED LOSE THEIR JOBS.

Most of the Clerks Discharged Were Women—Appeal in Vain to Director Merriam—No Warning Was Given.

The work of weeding out the superfluous employees of the Census Office was begun yesterday afternoon, when 200 clerks, mostly women, received notification that their services were no longer required.

No preliminary warning had been given by the authorities, and the scene which ensued among the female clerks when informed of their summary dismissal from the Government service was extremely pitiable.

Girls Burst Into Tears.

Many of the younger girls burst into tears and rushed to the office of Director Merriam, protesting against their dismissal and begging to be retained until the end of the month. Mr. Merriam told them that it would be impossible to grant their requests, as it was absolutely necessary to reduce the working force of the bureau.

Some time ago members of Congress were informed that a wholesale discharge of Census employees was contemplated, and they were requested to make the proper arrangements for their removal.

Only a Fore-runner of the Removals.

Director Merriam stated last evening that his action of yesterday is simply a forerunner of the removal of clerks in large numbers.

Warship Sent to Seene.

HONGKONG, Jan. 15.—The British cruiser Rabin has been despatched to the Tam Chau Channel, West River, where on yesterday the British steamer Nanhai, belonging to the Hongkong, Canton, and Swatow Steamship Company, limited, of Hongkong, was fired on by Chinese soldiers, and the captain of the British ship, Mr. Charles E. L. Cowan, who was on board, severely wounded.

NO OBJECTION TO WETMORE.

Henry White Declares He Would Have Been Informed.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Mr. Henry White, the American charge d'affaires, says he has heard nothing concerning objections to the appointment of W. S. K. Wetmore as one of the secretaries of the special American embassy to attend King Edward's coronation.

Mr. White adds that if any objection had been made he would have heard of it. He considers the whole story as in the highest degree unlikely.

MRS. DENNIS OUT OF DANGER.

Her Complete Recovery Now Only a Matter of Time.

Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis continues to improve and it is now thought by her attending physicians and the attendants at Garfield Hospital that she is out of danger and that her complete recovery from the effects of the brutal assault made upon her on December 10 will only be a matter of time.

Tunnel Wreck Injured Improving.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The physicians at the various hospitals at which those injured in the tunnel wreck last Wednesday are being cared for, report that their patients are progressing rapidly toward recovery and it is believed that there will be no addition to the list of dead which now numbers seventeen.

James R. Keene Better.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—James R. Keene, the millionaire speculator who has been confined to his room at the Waldorf for some days with a severe cold, is reported somewhat better today. It is said positively that Mr. Keene is in no danger.

Ambassador Choate Sails.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Joseph H. Choate, the American Ambassador to Great Britain, sailed this morning on the steamship St. Louis. He was accompanied by his wife. Mr. Choate has been here on leave since October, and is returning to England to resume his duties.

PRINCE HENRY TO REACH PORT ON WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

KING TO BESTOW TITLES. Coronation Honors to Be Offered Several Noblemen.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—It is reported today that the coronation honors will include the offer of a peerage to Sir William Harcourt, formerly Liberal leader in the House of Commons. Sir William is married to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Hon. J. L. Motley, the historian.

The statement is revived that the King will offer a dukedom to the Marquis of Salisbury, which the Premier will possibly not accept, as it is understood that he does not desire an alteration in the ancient title which he inherited and which he values for its historic associations.

It is expected that Earl Cadogan, the present Viceroy of Ireland, will be offered a marquessate, and that a similar advance in the peerage will be offered to Earl Spencer, former Liberal Viceroy of Ireland, and first lord of the Admiralty in Lord Rosebery's Cabinet.

SUGAR GROWERS

FILE A PROTEST.

PROTECTION FOR THE BEET.

Michigan Delegation Calls on Its Representatives to Oppose Any Change in the Existing Tariff.

The beet sugar growers of Michigan, New York, Montana, Nebraska, and other States are up in arms against any changes in the existing sugar tariff.

A big delegation of Michigan men interested in the industry arrived in the city yesterday morning and proceeded to the Capitol. They called on the Michigan Senators and members, and proceeded to arrange for a hearing. They are not only vigorous, but are vehement, against any change whatever in the sugar tariff, either by amendment of the Dingley law or by concessions to Cuba.

Warm Time Promised.

The delegation consists of several of the most prominent business men of Michigan. It is headed by N. H. Stewart, a Democratic lawyer of Kalamazoo, who will make the argument before the committee, and is sure to make a peppery one. He says:

"The American beet sugar manufacturers not only pay farmers for growing the beets, but also make these beets a finished product, granulated sugar. The actual cost of labor in thus growing beets and manufacturing sugar, exclusive of any profit to farmer or manufacturer, is \$2.50 per 100 pounds sugar. Every dollar paid for labor is paid to American workmen. Which is the better, to give the American grower a chance to earn a 15 cent profit on 100 pounds of sugar used in the United States?"

"Further, every pound of sugar made by American beet sugar manufacturers comes into direct competition with the output of the Sugar Trust. Beet sugar factories are the American people's property. The American people have the right to have their sugar made in America, and to have the power to fix the price which every American family must pay for its sugar. Having this power it is unreasonable to suppose that he will exercise it for the benefit of the consumer rather than the benefit of the trust which he represents."

Work for the Trust.

"If the present tariff remains unchanged there will be 600 of these factories in the United States within the next ten years. To organize 600 factories located in twenty-five different States into a trust and operate them as a single corporation is an undertaking impossible even in these times. Moreover, a manufacturing business whose raw material cannot be controlled by the trust cannot be organized as a trust. The West-producing end of the United States can never be controlled by a trust."

He is accompanied by ex-Congressman Bradley, another of the prominent business men. They assert that the thirteen Michigan factories have a total capacity of 6,000 tons, and that there is invested in them nearly eight million dollars.

Unanimous Protest Filed.

The strength of the beet sugar men is evidenced by the fact that the entire Michigan delegation in the House has signed a protest against any change in the sugar tariff, and that the Michigan Senators are both pledged to oppose it.